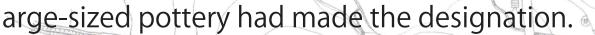
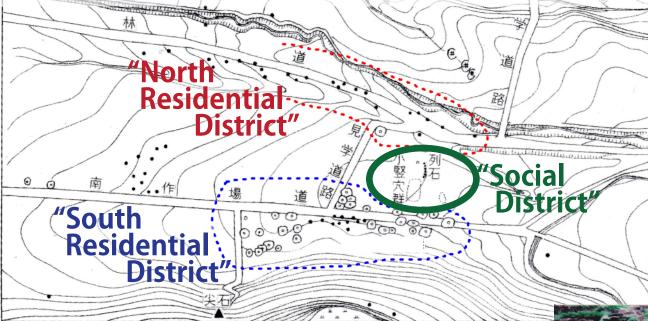
The structure of the internal settelment of the Togariishi site had been revealed by the excavation researches done while 1940 to 1942. The structure had been explained as follows: the north and south "residential districts" (pit dwellings) had been surrounded the the line-arranged stones, numerous small pits and the ALONE large-sized pottery, so those features was considered as "public facilities of the site", i.e. this central area had been worked as "social district".

It had been for the first time to reveal such structure of the Jomon sites and highly acclaimed in that time. This achievement had made the Togariishi site designated as a Special Historical site of Japan in 1952. We can say that this





▲ Assumed structure of the Togariishi site based on the results of

the researches by 1942



Line-arrnaged stones unearthed in 1942 (L) Rediscovery by the test excavation in 1993 (R)